

Warm Up: Pre-Calc

1/28

Consider the function of $y = f(x)$. What effects would the following transformations have on the function?

a) $y = a \cdot f(x)$

b) $y = f(x - c)$

c) $y = f(bx)$

d) $y = f(x) + d$

$y = 3 + 2$

Use any and all resources
to find your answer!!!!

Pg. 77 might
help

Feb 27-7:39 AM

W.A.L.T.:

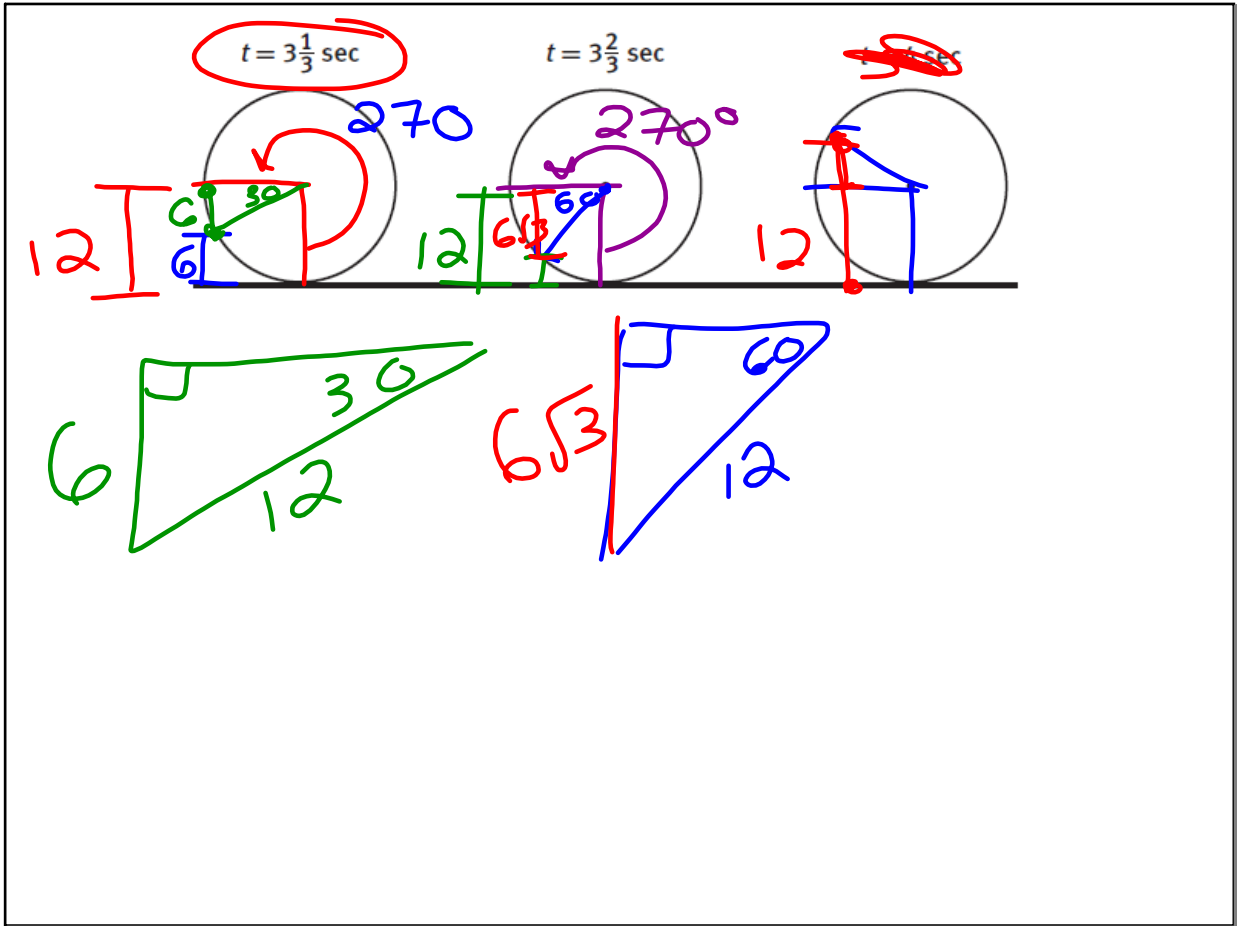
Day 5

Use our understanding of the transformations of functions to explain the behavior of periodic functions.

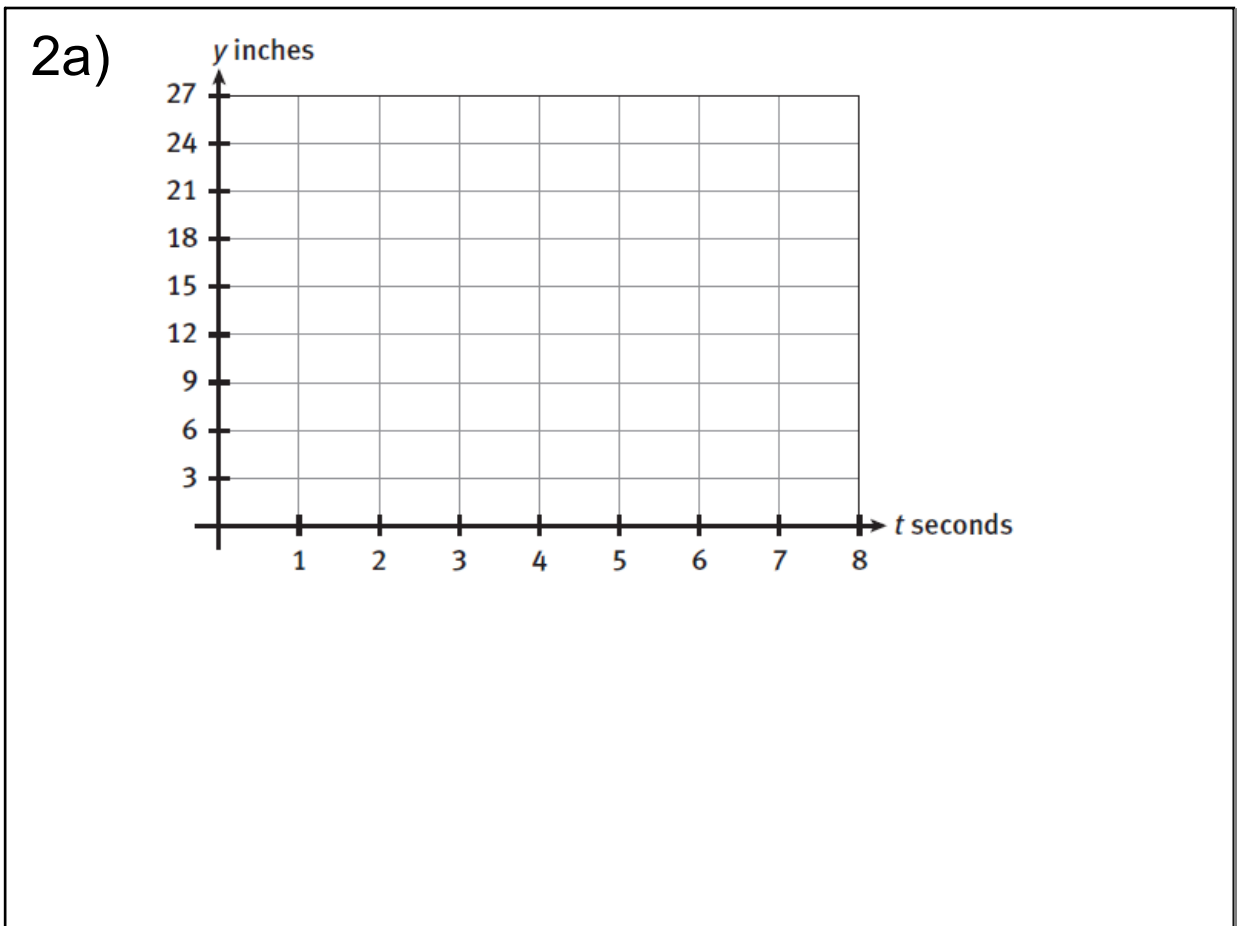
W.A.S.I.:

We can recognize changes in the graph and how that translates to period, amplitude and midline.

Mar 7-9:45 AM

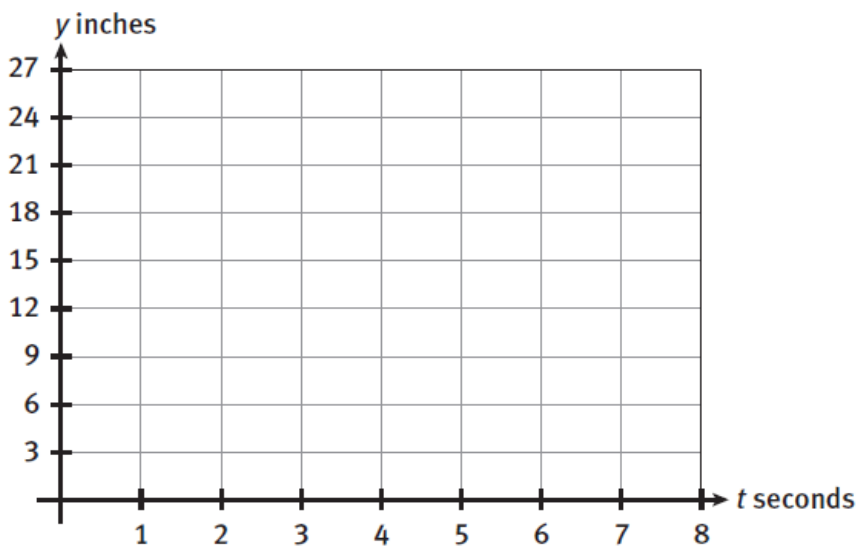


Jan 4-10:27 AM



Jan 9-10:53 AM

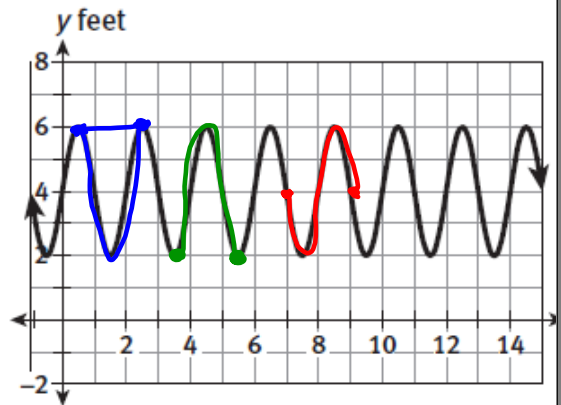
2b)



Jan 9-10:53 AM

Notes!!! Periodic Functions

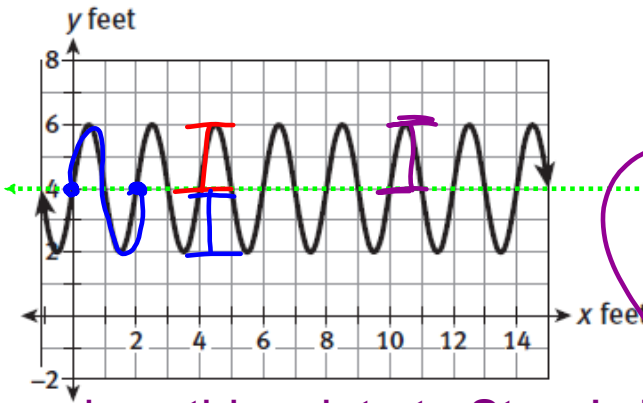
A periodic function is a function that repeats its values in regular intervals called periods.



How does this relate to Stacy's Bike? Be Specific.

Mar 7-1:33 PM

Notes!!! Periodic Functions



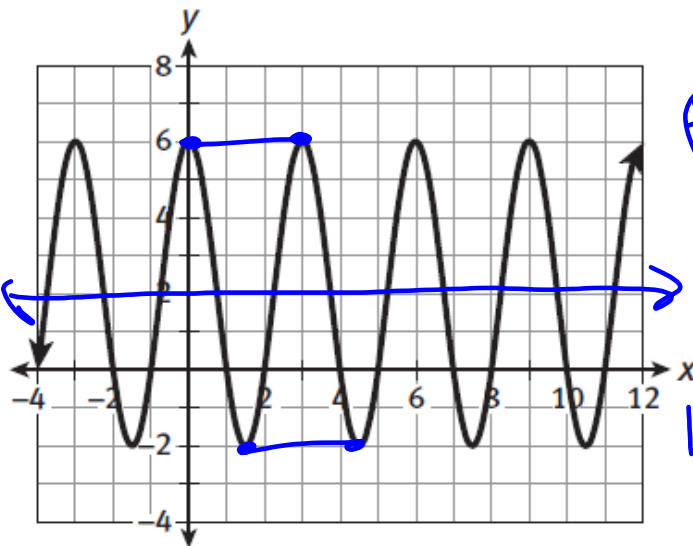
A **period** is the horizontal distance required for the graph of a periodic function to complete one repetition, or cycle.

The **amplitude** of a function is half the difference between the minimum and maximum values of the range.

The **midline** is a horizontal axis that is used as the reference line about which the graph of a periodic function oscillates.

How does this relate to Stacy's Bike?
Be specific for all three definitions

Mar 7-1:33 PM



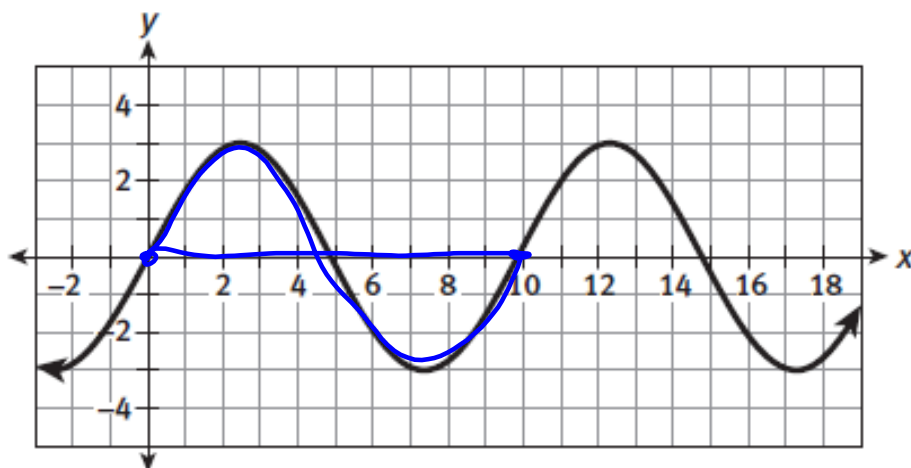
$$P = 3$$

$$A = 4$$

$$M = \boxed{y = 2}$$

Mar 7-1:33 PM

In Class Work: pg. 206 #6



Mar 7-1:33 PM

Today's Activities:

- Notes and conversation about period functions

P.W. for tonight:

- pg. 212 #1 - 16, **17 AD** due at the end of class tomorrow.

Separate sheet of paper. No excuses!!!

Feb 27-7:23 AM